



SAN DIEGO COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

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DISTRICT GOVERNANCE COUNCIL

March 21, 2018

3:00 p.m. – Room 245

AGENDA

- *1.0 Review Minutes of March 7, 2018
- 2.0 No Review of Board Agenda
- 3.0 Additional Agenda Items
- 4.0 State Budget Update Carroll, Dowd
- *5.0 Review of AP 2712 – Surbrook
 Conflict of Interest Code
- 6.0 Brown Act Presentation – April 4 Carroll
- 7.0 Full-Time Faculty Needs McMahan
- 8.0 Guided Pathways Discussion McMahan
- 9.0 Campus Solutions Weinroth
- 10.0 Roundtable

*Attachments

Next DGC MEETING scheduled: Wednesday, April 4, 2018 – 3:00 p.m.
District Office – Room 245

Visitors and observers are welcome. The District Governance Council (DGC) follows an open process and conducts open meetings. However, because of limited space, we ask that visitors sit in the extra chairs provided against the walls to leave room available at the table for voting DGC members. Your help is appreciated.



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DISTRICT GOVERNANCE COUNCIL MINUTES

March 7, 2018

Present: Akers, Beresford, Cortez, Dowd, Griffin-Brown (for Weinroth), Hess (for Bulger), Hubbard, Kovrig, Larson, Luster, Mahler, Manis, McMahon, Murphy, Neault, Newell, Perigo, Surbrook, and Chairperson Executive Vice Chancellor Dowd

Absent: Bulger, Carroll, Hsieh, Payne, Shabazz, Weinroth

1. APPROVAL OF MINUTES

The minutes of February 14, 2018, were approved.

2. REVIEW OF BOARD AGENDA

The agenda for the March 15, 2018, Board Meeting was opened for review by Executive Vice Chancellor Dowd. No concerns were raised.

3. STATE BUDGET UPDATE

Executive Vice Chancellor Dowd updated the Council on recent activity with the state budget and concerns regarding the continuing efforts to create a new budget funding formula for California Community Colleges at the direction of Chancellor Oakley, which may be delayed because of these concerns. She also mentioned that the 2015-16 recalculation revealed surplus monies that will be distributed throughout the state to community colleges, including the SDCCD.

4. TEXTBOOK AFFORDABILITY (OER)

Shelly Hess handed out proposed strategies and tactics designed to reach the Board of Trustees' goal of 15% of available classes as OER compatible. The Council discussed several revisions and realized that more time was needed to go over certain points and the wording of the document before it could be accepted. This item will come back for further review to the March 21 DGC meeting.

5. ROUNDTABLE

During the roundtable, Miramar College Classified Senate President Terrie Hubbard asked that the topic of "Campus Safety" be revisited at a future DGC meeting.

Adjourned 3:34 p.m.

Chancellor's Office & Board of Trustees



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Administrative Procedures

Chapter 2 - Board of Trustees

The following **new** Administrative Procedure is being put forth for **approval** as part of the Board's ongoing 6-year comprehensive review of all Board policies and procedures:

Category 2 Procedures: New and/or revisions to policies and/or procedures in response to legal and/or regulatory requirements.

AP 2712 Conflict of Interest Code (legally required revisions to Section 8.1. Prohibition on Receipt of Gifts in Excess of \$460 to **\$470**). This AP 2712 was previously reviewed at Cabinet on October 3, 2017, and October 10, 2017, and will be presented at DGC on March 21, 2018.

NOTE for all following documents: The **red ink** signifies language that is **legally required** and recommended by the Policy & Procedure Service and its legal counsel (Liebert Cassidy Whitmore). The language in **black ink** is from current adopted board policies. The language in **blue ink** is included for consideration.



Administrative Procedure

Chapter 2 – Board of Trustees

2712 – CONFLICT OF INTEREST CODE

Pursuant to Title 2 Section 18730 of the California Code of Regulations, incorporation by reference of the terms of this regulation along with the designation of employees and the formulation of disclosure categories in Section 13 below constitute the adoption and promulgation of a conflict of interest code within the meaning of Government Code Section 87300 or the amendment of a conflict of interest code within the meaning of Government Code Section 87306 if the terms of this regulation are substituted for terms of a conflict of interest code already in effect. A code so amended or adopted and promulgated requires the reporting of reportable items in a manner substantially equivalent to the requirements of article 2 of chapter 7 of the Political Reform Act, Government Code Sections 81000 et seq. The requirements of a conflict of interest code are in addition to other requirements of the Political Reform Act, such as the general prohibition against conflicts of interest contained in Government Code Section 87100, and to other state or local laws pertaining to conflicts of interest.

Section 1. Definitions

The definitions contained in the Political Reform Act of 1974, regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission (2 Cal. Code of Regulations Sections 18100 et seq.), and any amendments to the Act or regulations, are incorporated by reference into this conflict of interest code.

Section 2. Designated Employees

The persons holding positions listed in Section 13 are designated employees. It has been determined that these persons make or participate in the making of decisions which may foreseeably have a material effect on economic interests.

Section 3. Disclosure Categories

This code does not establish any disclosure obligation for those designated employees who are also specified in Government Code Section 87200 if they are designated in this code in that same capacity or if the geographical jurisdiction of this agency is the same as or is wholly included within the jurisdiction in which those persons must report their economics interests pursuant to article 2 of chapter 7 of the Political Reform Act, Government Code Sections 87200 et seq. In addition, this code does not establish any disclosure obligation for any designated employees who are designated in a conflict of interest code for another agency, if all of the following apply:

- (A) The geographical jurisdiction of this agency is the same as or is wholly included within the jurisdiction of the other agency;



- (B) The disclosure assigned in the code of the other agency is the same as that required under article 2 of chapter 7 of the Political Reform Act, Government Code Section 87200; and
- (C) The filing officer is the same for both agencies.¹ Such persons are covered by this code for disqualification purposes only. With respect to all other designated employees, the disclosure categories set forth in Section 13 specify which kinds of economic interests are reportable. Such a designated employee shall disclose in his/her statement of economic interests those economic interests he/she has which are of the kind described in the disclosure categories to which he/she is assigned in Section 13. It has been determined that the economic interests set forth in a designated employee's disclosure categories are the kinds of economic interests which he/she foreseeably can affect materially through the conduct of his/her office.

Section 4. Statements of Economic Interests

Place of Filing. The code reviewing body shall instruct all designated employees within its code to file statements of economic interests with the agency or with the code reviewing body, as provided by the code reviewing body in the agency's conflict of interest code.²

Section 5. Statements of Economic Interests

Time of Filing

- (A) **Initial Statements** - All designated employees employed by the agency on the effective date of this code, as originally adopted, promulgated and approved by the code reviewing body, shall file statements within 30 days after the effective date of this code. Thereafter, each person already in a position when it is designated by an amendment to this code shall file an initial statement within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment.
- (B) **Assuming Office Statements** - All persons assuming designated positions after the effective date of this code shall file statements within 30 days after assuming the designated positions, or if subject to State Senate confirmation, 30 days after being nominated or appointed.
- (C) **Annual Statements** - All designated employees shall file statements no later than April 1.

¹ Designated employees who are required to file statements of economic interests under any other agency's conflict of interest code, or under article 2 for a different jurisdiction, may expand their statement of economic interests to cover reportable interests in both jurisdictions, and file copies of this expanded statement with both entities in lieu of filing separate and distinct statements, provided that each copy of such expanded statement filed in place of an original is signed and verified by the designated employee as if it were an original. See Government Code section 81004.

² See Government Code section 81010 and 2 Cal. Code of Regs. Section 18115 for the duties of filing officers and persons in agencies who make and retain copies of statements and forward the originals to the filing officer.



(D) Leaving Office Statements - All persons who leave designated positions shall file statements within 30 days after leaving office.

Section 5.5. Statements for Persons Who Resign Prior to Assuming Office

Any person who resigns within 12 months of initial appointment, or within 30 days of the date of notice provided by the filing officer to file an assuming office statement, is not deemed to have assumed office or left office, provided he/she did not make or participate in the making of, or use his/her position to influence any decision and did not receive or become entitled to receive any form of payment as a result of his/her appointment. Such persons shall not file either an assuming or leaving office statement.

(A) Any person who resigns a position within 30 days of the date of a notice from the filing officer shall do both of the following:

1. File a written resignation with the appointing power, and
2. File a written statement with the filing officer declaring under penalty of perjury that during the period between appointment and resignation he/she did not make, participate in the making, or use the position to influence any decision of the agency or receive, or become entitled to receive, any form of payment by virtue of being appointed to the position.

Section 6. Contents of and Period Covered by Statements of Economic Interests

(A) Contents of Initial Statements - Initial statements shall disclose any reportable investments, interests in real property and business positions held on the effective date of the code and income received during the 12 months prior to the effective date of the code.

(B) Contents of Assuming Office Statements - Assuming office statements shall disclose any reportable investments, interests in real property and business positions held on the date of assuming office or, if subject to State Senate confirmation or appointment, on the date of nomination, and income received during the 12 months prior to the date of assuming office or the date of being appointed or nominated, respectively.

(C) Contents of Annual Statements - Annual statements shall disclose any reportable investments, interests in real property, income and business positions held or received during the previous calendar year provided, however, that the period covered by an employee's first annual statement shall begin on the effective date of the code or the date of assuming office whichever is later.

(D) Contents of Leaving Office Statements - Leaving office statements shall disclose reportable investments, interests in real property, income and business positions held or received during the period between the closing date of the last statement filed and the date of leaving office.

Section 7. Manner of Reporting



Statements of economic interests shall be made on forms prescribed by the Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) and supplied by the agency, and shall contain the following information:

(A) Investments and Real Property Disclosure - When an investment or an interest in real property³ is required to be reported,⁴ the statement shall contain the following:

1. A statement of the nature of the investment or interest;
2. The name of the business entity in which each investment is held, and a general description of the business activity in which the business entity is engaged;
3. The address or other precise location of the real property;
4. A statement whether the fair market value of the investment or interest in real property exceeds two thousand dollars (\$2,000), exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or exceeds one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

(B) Personal Income Disclosure - When personal income is required to be reported,⁵ the statement shall contain:

1. The name and address of each source of income aggregating five hundred dollars (\$500) or more in value, or fifty dollars (\$50) or more in value if the income was a gift, and a general description of the business activity, if any, of each source;
2. A statement whether the aggregate value of income from each source, or in the case of a loan, the highest amount owed to each source, was one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or greater than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);
3. A description of the consideration, if any, for which the income was received;
4. In the case of a gift, the name, address and business activity of the donor and any intermediary through which the gift was made; a description of the gift; the amount or value of the gift; and the date on which the gift was received;
5. In the case of a loan, the annual interest rate and the security, if any, given for the loan and the term of the loan.

³ For the purpose of disclosure only (not disqualification), an interest in real property does not include the principal residence of the filer.

⁴ Investments and interests in real property which have a fair market value of less than \$2,000 are not investments and interests in real property within the meaning of the Political Reform Act. However, investments or interests in real property of an individual include those held by the individual's spouse and dependent children as well as a pro rata share of any investment or interest in real property of any business entity or trust in which the individual, spouse and dependent children own, in the aggregate, a direct, indirect or beneficial interest of 10 percent or greater.

⁵ A designated employee's income includes his or her community property interest in the income of his or her spouse but does not include salary or reimbursement for expenses received from a state, local or federal government agency.



- (C) Business Entity Income Disclosure - When income of a business entity, including income of a sole proprietorship, is required to be reported,⁹ the statement shall contain:
1. The name, address, and a general description of the business activity of the business entity;
 2. The name of every person from whom the business entity received payments if the filer's pro rata share of gross receipts from such person was equal to or greater than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (D) Business Position Disclosure - When business positions are required to be reported, a designated employee shall list the name and address of each business entity in which he/she is a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or in which he/she holds any position of management, a description of the business activity in which the business entity is engaged, and the designated employee's position with the business entity.
- (E) Acquisition or Disposal during Reporting Period - In the case of an annual or leaving office statement, if an investment or an interest in real property was partially or wholly acquired or disposed of during the period covered by the statement, the statement shall contain the date of acquisition or disposal.

Section 8. Prohibition on Receipt of Honoraria

- (A) No member of a state board or commission, and no designated employee of a state or local government agency, shall accept any honorarium from any source, if the member or employee would be required to report the receipt of income or gifts from that source on his/her statement of economic interests. This section shall not apply to any part-time member of the governing board of any public institution of higher education, unless the member is also an elected official. Subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) of Government Code Section 89501 shall apply to the prohibitions in this section.
- (B) This section shall not limit or prohibit payments, advances, or reimbursements for travel and related lodging and subsistence authorized by Government Code Section 89506.

Section 8.1. Prohibition on Receipt of Gifts in Excess of \$470

- (A) No member of a state board or commission, and no designated employee of a state or local government agency, shall accept gifts with a total value of more than \$470 in a calendar year from any single source, if the member or employee would be required to report the receipt of income or gifts from that source on his/her statement of economic interests. This section shall not apply to any part-

⁹ Income of a business entity is reportable if the direct, indirect or beneficial interest of the filer and the filer's spouse in the business entity aggregates a 10 percent or greater interest. In addition, the disclosure of persons who are clients or customers of a business entity is required only if the clients or customers are within one of the disclosure categories of the filer.



time member of the governing board of any public institution of higher education, unless the member is also an elected official.

Subdivisions (e), (f), and (g) of Government Code Section 89503 shall apply to the prohibitions in this section.

Section 8.2. Loans to Public Officials

- (A) No elected officer of a state or local government agency shall, from the date of his/her election to office through the date that he/she vacates office, receive a personal loan from any officer, employee, member, or consultant of the state or local government agency in which the elected officer holds office or over which the elected officer's agency has direction and control.
- (B) No public official who is exempt from the state civil service system pursuant to subdivisions (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 4 of Article VII of the Constitution shall, while he/she holds office, receive a personal loan from any officer, employee, member, or consultant of the state or local government agency in which the public official holds office or over which the public official's agency has direction and control. This subdivision shall not apply to loans made to a public official whose duties are solely secretarial, clerical, or manual.
- (C) No elected officer of a state or local government agency shall, from the date of his/her election to office through the date that he/she vacates office, receive a personal loan from any person who has a contract with the state or local government agency to which that elected officer has been elected or over which that elected officer's agency has direction and control. This subdivision shall not apply to loans made by banks or other financial institutions or to any indebtedness created as part of a retail installment or credit card transaction, if the loan is made or the indebtedness created in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to the elected officer's official status.
- (D) No public official who is exempt from the state civil service system pursuant to subdivisions (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 4 of Article VII of the Constitution shall, while he/she holds office, receive a personal loan from any person who has a contract with the state or local government agency to which that elected officer has been elected or over which that elected officer's agency has direction and control. This subdivision shall not apply to loans made by banks or other financial institutions or to any indebtedness created as part of a retail installment or credit card transaction, if the loan is made or the indebtedness created in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to the elected officer's official status. This subdivision shall not



apply to loans made to a public official whose duties are solely secretarial, clerical, or manual.

(E) This section shall not apply to the following:

1. Loans made to the campaign committee of an elected officer or candidate for elective office.
2. Loans made by a public official's spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, or first cousin, or the spouse of any such persons, provided that the person making the loan is not acting as an agent or intermediary for any person not otherwise exempted under this section.
3. Loans from a person which, in the aggregate, do not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) at any given time.
4. Loans made, or offered in writing, before January 1, 1998.

Section 8.3. Loan Terms

(A) Except as set forth in subdivision (B), no elected officer of a state or local government agency shall, from the date of his/her election to office through the date he/she vacates office, receive a personal loan of five hundred dollars (\$500) or more, except when the loan is in writing and clearly states the terms of the loan, including the parties to the loan agreement, date of the loan, amount of the loan, term of the loan, date or dates when payments shall be due on the loan and the amount of the payments, and the rate of interest paid on the loan.

(B) This section shall not apply to the following types of loans:

1. Loans made to the campaign committee of the elected officer.
2. Loans made to the elected officer by his/her spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, or first cousin, or the spouse of any such person, provided that the person making the loan is not acting as an agent or intermediary for any person not otherwise exempted under this section.
3. Loans made, or offered in writing, before January 1, 1998.

(C) Nothing in this section shall exempt any person from any other provision of Title 9 of the Government Code.

Section 8.4. Personal Loans

(A) Except as set forth in subdivision (B), a personal loan received by any designated employee shall become a gift to the designated employee for the purposes of this section in the following circumstances:

1. If the loan has a defined date or dates for repayment, when the statute of limitations for filing an action for default has expired.
2. If the loan has no defined date or dates for repayment, when one year has elapsed from the later of the following:



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- a. The date the loan was made.
- b. The date the last payment of one hundred dollars (\$100) or more was made on the loan.
- c. The date upon which the debtor has made payments on the loan aggregating to less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) during the previous 12 months.

(B) This section shall not apply to the following types of loans:

1. A loan made to the campaign committee of an elected officer or a candidate for elective office.
2. A loan that would otherwise not be a gift as defined in this title.
3. A loan that would otherwise be a gift as set forth under subdivision (A), but on which the creditor has taken reasonable action to collect the balance due.
4. A loan that would otherwise be a gift as set forth under subdivision (A), but on which the creditor, based on reasonable business considerations, has not undertaken collection action. Except in a criminal action, a creditor who claims that a loan is not a gift on the basis of this paragraph has the burden of proving that the decision for not taking collection action was based on reasonable business considerations.
5. A loan made to a debtor who has filed for bankruptcy and the loan is ultimately discharged in bankruptcy.

(C) Nothing in this section shall exempt any person from any other provisions of Title 9 of the Government Code.

Section 9. Disqualification

No designated employee shall make, participate in making, or in any way attempt to use his/her official position to influence the making of any governmental decision which he/she knows or has reason to know will have a reasonably foreseeable material financial effect, distinguishable from its effect on the public generally, on the official or a member of his/her immediate family or on:

- (A) Any business entity in which the designated employee has a direct or indirect investment worth two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or more;
- (B) Any real property in which the designated employee has a direct or indirect interest worth two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or more;
- (C) Any source of income, other than gifts and other than loans by a commercial lending institution in the regular course of business on terms available to the public without regard to official status, aggregating five hundred dollars (\$500) or more in value provided to, received by or promised to the designated employee within 12 months prior to the time when the decision is made;
- (D) Any business entity in which the designated employee is a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or holds any position of management; or



- (E) Any donor of, or any intermediary or agent for a donor of, a gift or gifts aggregating \$470 or more provided to; received by, or promised to the designated employee within 12 months prior to the time when the decision is made.

Section 9.3. Legally Required Participation

No designated employee shall be prevented from making or participating in the making of any decision to the extent his/her participation is legally required for the decision to be made. The fact that the vote of a designated employee who is on a voting body is needed to break a tie does not make his/her participation legally required for purposes of this section.

Section 9.5. Disqualification of State Officers and Employees

In addition to the general disqualification provisions of section 9, no state administrative official shall make, participate in making, or use his/her official position to influence any governmental decision directly relating to any contract where the state administrative official knows or has reason to know that any party to the contract is a person with whom the state administrative official, or any member of his/her immediate family has, within 12 months prior to the time when the official action is to be taken:

- (A) Engaged in a business transaction or transactions on terms not available to members of the public, regarding any investment or interest in real property; or
(B) Engaged in a business transaction or transactions on terms not available to members of the public regarding the rendering of goods or services totaling in value one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more.

Section 10. Disclosure of Disqualifying Interest

When a designated employee determines that he/she should not make a governmental decision because he/she has a disqualifying interest in it, the determination not to act may be accompanied by disclosure of the disqualifying interest.

Section 11. Assistance of the Commission and Counsel

Any designated employee who is unsure of his/her duties under this code may request assistance from the Fair Political Practices Commission pursuant to Government Code Section 83114 or from the attorney for his/her agency, provided that nothing in this section requires the attorney for the agency to issue any formal or informal opinion.

Section 12. Violations

This code has the force and effect of law. Designated employees violating any provision of this code are subject to the administrative, criminal and civil sanctions provided in the Political Reform Act, Government Code Sections 81000- 91015. In addition, a decision in relation to which a violation of the disqualification provisions of this code or of Government Code Section 87100 or 87450 has occurred may be set aside as void pursuant to Government Code Section 91003.



Section 13. Designated Positions and Disclosure Requirements

1. The persons occupying following positions manage public investments. They shall file a full statement of economic interests pursuant to Government Code Sections 87200 et seq.:
 - Members of the Board of Trustees
 - District Chancellor
 - Executive Vice Chancellor Business and Technology Services

2. Disclosure Categories: The disclosure categories listed below identify the types of investments, business entities, sources of income, or real property which the designated employees must disclosure for each disclosure category to which he/she is assigned.

Category 1: All investments and business positions and sources of income from, business entities that do business with the District or own real property within the boundaries of the District, plan to do business or own real property within in the boundaries of the District within the next year, or have done business with or owned real property within the boundaries of the District within the past two years.

Category 2: All interests in real property which is located in whole or in part within, or not more than two miles outside, the boundaries of the District.

Category 3: All investments and business positions in, and sources of income from, business entities that are engaged in land development, construction or the acquisition or sale of real property within the jurisdiction of the District, plan to engage in such activities within the jurisdiction of the District within the next year, or have engaged in such activities within the jurisdiction of the District within the past two years.

Category 4: All investments and business positions in, and sources of income from, business entities that are banking, savings and loan, or other financial institutions.

Category 5: All investments and business positions in, and sources of income from, business entities that provide services, supplies, materials, machinery, vehicles or equipment of a type purchased or leased by the District.

Category 6: All investments and business positions in, and sources of income from, business entities that provide services, supplies, materials, machinery, vehicles or equipment of a type purchased or leased by the Designated Employee's Department.



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Designated Positions, and the Disclosure Categories assigned to them, are as follows:

Architect	Category 1,2,3,4
Assistant Construction Manager	Category 1,2,3,4
Auxiliary Organization	Category 1
Board Member	Category 1
Construction Manager	Category 1,2,3,4
Contract Specialist	Category 5,6
Controller	Categories 4,5
Director, Business Support Services	Categories 4,5
Director, Communication and Public Relations	Categories 1,2,3,4
Director, Information Technology	Categories 4,5
Director, Facilities Services	Categories 1,2,3,4
Director, Legal Services and EEO	Categories 1,2
Director, Military Education	Categories 5,6
<u>Director of Purchasing</u>	<u>Categories 1,4,5</u>
District Bookstore Manager	Categories 6
District Chancellor	Category 1
District Food Service Manager	Categories 6
Equal Opportunity and Diversity Officer	Categories 6
Executive Vice Chancellor Business & Technology	Categories 1,4
<u>General Counsel</u>	<u>Categories 1,2</u>
<u>Police Chief</u>	<u>Categories 5,6</u>
Presidents	Category 1
Purchasing & Contract Supervisor	Category 6
Real Property Agent	Categories 1,2,3,4
Risk Manager	Category 6
Supervisor, Building and Grounds	Category 3,4
Supervisor, Equipment Repair and Alarm System	Category 3,4
Supervisor, HVAC and Electrical	Category 3,4
Vice Chancellor-Facilities Management	Categories 2,3
Vice Chancellor-Instructional Services and Planning	Categories 2,3
Vice Chancellor-Human Resources	Categories 2,3
Vice Chancellor-Student Services	Categories 2,3
Vice President, Administrative Services	Categories 5,6
Vice President, Instruction	Categories 5,6
Vice President, Student Services	Categories 5,6
<u>Consultant</u>	<u>Categories 1,2,3,4,5,6</u>

Consultants must be included in the list of designated employees and must disclose pursuant to the broadest disclosure category in this Code subject to the following limitation: The Chancellor or designee may determine in writing that a particular consultant, although a "designated position," is hired to perform a range of duties that are limited in scope and thus is not required to comply fully with the disclosure requirements described in this Section. Such written determination shall include a



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description of the consultant's duties and, based on that description, a statement of the extent of disclosure requirements. The Chancellor's or designee's determination is a public record and shall be retained for public inspection in the same manner and location as this Conflict of Interest Code.

References:

Government Code Sections 87103(e), 87300-87302, 89501, 89502, and 89503;
Title 2 Section 18730

NOTE: The **red ink** signifies language that is **legally required** and recommended by the Policy & Procedure Service and its legal counsel (Liebert Cassidy Whitmore).

Date Approved:

(This is a new procedure)